Computer Networks

Exercise Session 11

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General Schedule

All exercises will follow this general schedule

- Identify potential understanding problems
 - \rightarrow Ask your questions
 - \rightarrow Recap of the lecture
- Address the understanding problems
 - \rightarrow Answer your questions
 - \rightarrow Repeat certain topics
- \blacksquare Walk through the exercises/solutions \rightarrow Some hints and guidance
 - \rightarrow Work time or presentation of results



You have seen . . .

- the purpose of the Internet Control Message Protocol
- typical situations where ICMP messages are sent
- which ICMP message types are frequently used

Address Autoconfiguration

You have seen . . .

- how to use Reverse ARP to automatically configure IPv4 addresses
- DHCP was introduced as a more feature-reach replacement
- that in any case a device may generate a link-local address
- how SLAAC is used for IPv6 networks to autoconfigure a network device

Inter-Networking

You have seen ...

- how different networks are connected via a router
- which mechanisms are involved when forwarding a packet to a different network
- what an AS is
- the difference between routing and forwarding

Network Layer: Routing Schemes

You have seen ...

- the requirements for a routing protocol
- how routing algorithms can be categorized
- flooding and hot-potato as examples for local routing algorithms
- the difference between source routing and hop-by-hop routing
- the difference between reactive and proactive routing algorithms
- how metrics are used to calculate the path costs

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.254.0	11111111.1111111.11111110.00000000
Network address?		·
First host address?		
Last host address?		
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.254.0	11111111.1111111.11111110.00000000
Network address?	151.175.30.0	10010111.10101111.00011110.00000000
First host address?		
Last host address?		
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.254.0	11111111.1111111.11111110.00000000
Network address?	151.175.30.0	10010111.10101111.00011110.00000000
First host address?	151.175.30.1	10010111.10101111.00011110.00000001
Last host address?		
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.254.0	11111111.1111111.11111110.00000000
Network address?	151.175.30.0	10010111.10101111.00011110.00000000
First host address?	151.175.30.1	10010111.10101111.00011110.00000001
Last host address?	151.175.31.254	10010111.10101111.00011111.1111110
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100
Subnet mask:	255.255.254.0
Network address?	151.175.30.0
First host address?	151.175.30.1
Last host address?	151.175.31.254
Broadcast address?	151.175.31.255

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.240	11111111.11111111.1111111.11110000
Network address?		
First host address?		
Last host address?		
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.240	11111111.11111111.1111111.11110000
Network address?	151.175.31.96	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100000
First host address?		
Last host address?		
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.240	11111111.11111111.1111111.11110000
Network address?	151.175.31.96	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100000
First host address?	151.175.31.97	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100001
Last host address?		
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.240	11111111.11111111.1111111.11110000
Network address?	151.175.31.96	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100000
First host address?	151.175.31.97	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100001
Last host address?	151.175.31.110	10010111.10101111.00011111.01101110
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.240
Network address?	151.175.31.96
First host address?	151.175.31.97
Last host address?	151.175.31.110
Broadcast address?	151.175.31.111

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.128	11111111.11111111.11111111.10000000
Network address?		·
First host address?		
Last host address?		
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.128	11111111.1111111.11111111.10000000
Network address?	151.175.31.0	10010111.10101111.00011111.00000000
First host address?		
Last host address?		
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.128	11111111.11111111.11111111.10000000
Network address?	151.175.31.0	10010111.10101111.00011111.00000000
First host address?	151.175.31.1	10010111.10101111.00011111.00000001
Last host address?		
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	10010111.10101111.00011111.01100100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.128	11111111.11111111.11111111.10000000
Network address?	151.175.31.0	10010111.10101111.00011111.00000000
First host address?	151.175.31.1	10010111.10101111.00011111.00000001
Last host address?	151.175.31.126	10010111.10101111.00011111.01111110
Broadcast address?		

IP Address:	151.175.31.100	
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.128	
Network address?	151.175.31.0	
First host address?	151.175.31.1	
Last host address?	151.175.31.126	
Broadcast address?	151.175.31.127	

Sender:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00001101	201.20.222.13
Subnet mask:	11111111	255.255.255.240
Receiver:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00010001	201.20.222.17
Subnet mask:	11111111	255.255.255.240
Sender:	00001111.11001000.01100011.00010111	15.200.99.23
Subnet mask:	1111111.11000000.00000000	255.192.0.0
Receiver:	00001111.11101111.00000001.00000001	15.239.1.1
Subnet mask:	11111111	255.192.0.0

Sender: Subnet mask:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00001101 11111111	201.20.222.13 255.255.255.240 > Subnet ID: 0
Receiver:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00010001	201.20.222.17
Subnet mask:	11111111	255.255.255.240
Sender:	00001111.11001000.01100011.00010111	15.200.99.23
Subnet mask:	1111111.11000000.00000000	255.192.0.0
Receiver:	00001111.11101111.00000001.00000001	15.239.1.1
Subnet mask:	11111111	255.192.0.0

Sender: Subnet mask:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00001101 201.20.22 11111111.11111111111111111110000 255.255.2 11001001.00010100.11011110.00000000 => Subnet ID	55.240
Receiver:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00010001 201.20.22	2.17
Subnet mask:	11111111.1111111.1111111.11110000 255.255.2	
	11001001.00010100.11011110.00010000 => Subnet ID	: 1
Sender:	00001111.11001000.01100011.00010111 15.200.99	.23
Subnet mask:	11111111.11000000.00000000.00000000 255.192.0	.0
Receiver:	00001111.11101111.00000001.00000001 15.239.1.	1
Subnet mask:	11111111.11000000.0000000.00000000 255.192.0	.0

Sender:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00001101	201.20.222.13
Subnet mask:	11111111.11111111.11111111.11110000	255.255.255.240
	11001001.00010100.11011110.00000000 =>	> Subnet ID: 0
Receiver:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00010001	201.20.222.17
Subnet mask:	11111111.11111111.11111111.11110000	255.255.255.240
	11001001.00010100.11011110.00010000 =>	> Subnet ID: 1
The packet leave	es the subnet and needs to be routed.	
Sender:	00001111.11001000.01100011.00010111	15.200.99.23
Subnet mask:	11111111.11000000.0000000.00000000	255.192.0.0
Receiver:	00001111.11101111.00000001.0000001	15.239.1.1
Subnet mask:	11111111.11000000.0000000.00000000	255.192.0.0

Sender:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00001101 201.20.222.13	
Subnet mask:	11111111.11111111111111111111110000 255.255.255.240	
	11001001.00010100.11011110.00000000 => Subnet ID: 0	
Receiver:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00010001 201.20.222.17	
Subnet mask:	11111111.11111111.1111110000 255.255.255.240	
	11001001.00010100.11011110.00010000 => Subnet ID: 1	
The packet leaves the subnet and needs to be routed.		
Sender:	00001111.11001000.01100011.00010111 15.200.99.23	
Subnet mask:	11111111.11000000.0000000.00000000 255.192.0.0	
	00001111.11000000.00000000.00000000 => Subnet ID: 3	

Receiver:	00001111.11101111.00000001.0000001	15.239.1.1
Subnet mask:	11111111.11000000.00000000.00000000	255.192.0.0

Sender: Subnet mask:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00001101 201.20.222.13 11111111.1111111.11111000 255.255.255.240 11001001.00010100.11011110.00000000 => Subnet ID: 0	
Receiver:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00010001 201.20.222.17	
Subnet mask:	11111111.1111111.1111111.11110000 255.255.255.240 11001001.00010100.11011110.00010000 => Subnet ID: 1	
The packet leaves the subnet and needs to be routed.		
Sender:	00001111.11001000.01100011.00010111 15.200.99.23	
Subnet mask:	11111111.11000000.0000000.00000000 255.192.0.0	
	00001111.11000000.00000000.00000000 => Subnet ID: 3	

Receiver:	00001111.11101111.00000001.00000001	15.239.1.1
Subnet mask:	11111111.11000000.0000000.00000000	255.192.0.0
	00001111.11000000.00000000.00000000 =>	Subnet ID: 3

Sender: Subnet mask:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00001101201.20.222.1311111111.1111111111111111111111110000255.255.255.24011001001.00010100.11011110.00000000 => Subnet ID: 0
Receiver:	11001001.00010100.11011110.00010001 201.20.222.17
Subnet mask:	11111111.11111111.111110000 255.255.250.240 11001001.00010100.11011110.00010000 => Subnet ID: 1
The packet leave	s the subnet and needs to be routed.
Sender:	00001111.11001000.01100011.00010111 15.200.99.23
Subnet mask:	11111111.11000000.00000000.00000000 255.192.0.0
	00001111.11000000.00000000.00000000 => Subnet ID: 3
Receiver:	00001111.11101111.00000001.00000001 15.239.1.1
Subnet mask:	11111111.11000000.0000000.00000000 255.192.0.0
	00001111.11000000.00000000.00000000 => Subnet ID: 3

The packet does not leave the subnet and can be sent directly on the link layer.

Kernel IP rou						
Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS Window		
0.0.0.0	10.2.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0 0	-	eth0
10.2.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0 0		eth1
	0.0.0.0	255.252.0.0	U	0 0	-	wlan0
10.200.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.248.0.0	U	0 0	0	eth2
172.17.8.15	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0 0	0	eth2
192.168.23.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0 0	0	wlan1
192.168.42.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.240	U	0 0	0	eth3
1 192.168.	23.14		6	172.17.	8.18	8
2 192.168.	42.17		7	172.17.	8.15	5
3 192.168.	42.15		8	10.202.	4.3	
4 10.2.0.2	255		9	10.216.	168	.23
5 10.207.5	51.4					

Kernel IP rou	ting table					
Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS Window	irtt	Iface
0.0.0.0	10.2.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0 0	0	eth0
10.2.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0 0	0	eth1
10.204.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.252.0.0	U	0 0	0	wlan0
10.200.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.248.0.0	U	0 0	0	eth2
172.17.8.15	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0 0	0	eth2
192.168.23.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0 0	0	wlan1
192.168.42.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.240	U	0 0	0	eth3
 192.168. → wlan1 192.168. 192.168. 	42.17 42.15		6 7 8	172.17. 172.17. 10.202.	8.18 4.3	5
4 10.2.0.2	255		9	10.216.	168	.23

5 10.207.51.4

Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS	Window	irtt	Iface
0.0.0.0	10.2.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0	0	0	eth0
10.2.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	eth1
10.204.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.252.0.0	U	0	0	0	wlan0
10.200.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.248.0.0	U	0	0	0	eth2
172.17.8.15	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	eth2
192.168.23.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	wlan1
192.168.42.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.240	U	0	0	0	eth3

1 192.168.23.14	6 172.17.8.18
ightarrow wlan1	
2 192.168.42.17	7 172.17.8.15
ightarrow eth0 $ ightarrow$ default route	
3 192.168.42.15	8 10.202.4.3
4 10.2.0.255	9 10.216.168.23

5 10.207.51.4

Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS	Window	irtt	Iface
0.0.0.0	10.2.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0	0	0	eth0
10.2.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	eth1
10.204.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.252.0.0	U	0	0	0	wlan0
L0.200.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.248.0.0	U	0	0	0	eth2
172.17.8.15	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	eth2
192.168.23.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	wlan1
192.168.42.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.240	U	0	0	0	eth3

192.168.23.14	6 172.17.8.18
ightarrow wlan1	
2 192.168.42.17	7 172.17.8.15
ightarrow eth0 $ ightarrow$ default route	
3 192.168.42.15	8 10.202.4.3
\rightarrow eth3	
4 10.2.0.255	9 10.216.168.23

5 10.207.51.4

5

10.207.51.4

Exercise 2.2: Inter-Networking

Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS	Window	irtt	Iface
0.0.0.0	10.2.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0	0	0	eth0
10.2.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	eth1
10.204.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.252.0.0	U	0	0	0	wlan0
10.200.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.248.0.0	U	0	0	0	eth2
172.17.8.15	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	eth2
192.168.23.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	wlan1
192.168.42.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.240	U	0	0	0	eth3

1	192.168.23.14	6	172.17.8.18
\rightarrow	wlan1		
2	192.168.42.17	7	172.17.8.15
\rightarrow	eth0 $ ightarrow$ default route		
3	192.168.42.15	8	10.202.4.3
\rightarrow	eth3		
4	10.2.0.255	9	10.216.168.23
\rightarrow	eth1		

Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS	Window	irtt	Iface
0.0.0.0	10.2.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0	0	0	eth0
10.2.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	eth1
10.204.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.252.0.0	U	0	0	0	wlan0
10.200.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.248.0.0	U	0	0	0	eth2
172.17.8.15	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	eth2
192.168.23.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	wlan1
192.168.42.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.240	U	0	0	0	eth3

- 1
 192.168.23.14
 6
 172.17.8.18

 \rightarrow wlan1
 7
 172.17.8.15

 2
 192.168.42.17
 7
 172.17.8.15

 \rightarrow eth0 \rightarrow default route
 8
 10.202.4.3

 \rightarrow eth3
 9
 10.216.168.23

 \rightarrow eth1
 9
 10.216.168.23
- 5 10.207.51.4
- \rightarrow wlan0

Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS	Window	irtt	Iface
0.0.0.0	10.2.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0	0	0	eth0
10.2.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	eth1
10.204.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.252.0.0	U	0	0	0	wlanC
10.200.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.248.0.0	U	0	0	0	eth2
172.17.8.15	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	eth2
192.168.23.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	wlan1
192.168.42.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.240	U	0	0	0	eth3

- 192.168.23.14
- \rightarrow wlan1
- 2 192.168.42.17
- $\rightarrow~{\rm eth0}\rightarrow~{\rm default}$ route
- 3 192.168.42.15
- \rightarrow eth3
- 4 10.2.0.255
- \rightarrow eth1
- 5 10.207.51.4
- \rightarrow wlan0

- 6 172.17.8.18
- $ightarrow \,$ eth0 ightarrow default route
- 7 172.17.8.15
- 8 10.202.4.3
- 9 10.216.168.23

Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS	Window	irtt	Iface
0.0.0.0	10.2.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0	0	0	eth0
10.2.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	eth1
10.204.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.252.0.0	U	0	0	0	wlan0
10.200.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.248.0.0	U	0	0	0	eth2
172.17.8.15	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	eth2
192.168.23.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	wlan1
192.168.42.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.240	U	0	0	0	eth3

- 192.168.23.14
- \rightarrow wlan1
- 2 192.168.42.17
- $\rightarrow~{\rm eth0}\rightarrow~{\rm default}$ route
- 3 192.168.42.15
- \rightarrow eth3
- 4 10.2.0.255
- \rightarrow eth1
- 5 10.207.51.4
- \rightarrow wlan0

- 6 172.17.8.18
- $ightarrow ext{ eth0}
 ightarrow ext{default route}$
- 7 172.17.8.15
- \rightarrow eth2
- 8 10.202.4.3
- 9 10.216.168.23

Exercise 2.2: Inter-Networking

Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS	Window	irtt	Iface
0.0.0.0	10.2.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0	0	0	eth0
10.2.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	eth1
10.204.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.252.0.0	U	0	0	0	wlan(
10.200.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.248.0.0	U	0	0	0	eth2
172.17.8.15	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	eth2
192.168.23.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	wlan
192.168.42.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.240	U	0	0	0	eth3

- 1 192.168.23.14
- \rightarrow wlan1
- 2 192.168.42.17
- $\rightarrow~{\rm eth0}\rightarrow~{\rm default}$ route
- 3 192.168.42.15
- \rightarrow eth3
- 4 10.2.0.255
- \rightarrow eth1
- 5 10.207.51.4
- \rightarrow wlan0

- 6 172.17.8.18
- $ightarrow ext{ eth0}
 ightarrow ext{default route}$
- 7 172.17.8.15
- \rightarrow eth2
- 8 10.202.4.3
- \rightarrow eth2
- 9 10.216.168.23

Exercise 2.2: Inter-Networking

Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS	Window	irtt	Iface
0.0.0.0	10.2.0.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0	0	0	eth0
10.2.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	eth1
10.204.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.252.0.0	U	0	0	0	wlan(
10.200.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.248.0.0	U	0	0	0	eth2
172.17.8.15	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	UH	0	0	0	eth2
192.168.23.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	wlani
192.168.42.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.240	U	0	0	0	eth3

- 192.168.23.14
- \rightarrow wlan1
- 2 192.168.42.17
- $\rightarrow~{\rm eth0}\rightarrow~{\rm default}$ route
- 3 192.168.42.15
- \rightarrow eth3
- 4 10.2.0.255
- \rightarrow eth1
- 5 10.207.51.4
- \rightarrow wlan0

- 6 172.17.8.18
- \rightarrow eth0 \rightarrow default route
- 7 172.17.8.15
- \rightarrow eth2
- 8 10.202.4.3
- \rightarrow eth2
- 9 10.216.168.23
- \rightarrow eth0 \rightarrow default route

Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.00000000 = 195.1.31.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? Subnet mask: Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet?

Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.00000000 = 195.1.31.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? 30 => 32 =2⁵ => 5 bits Subnet mask: Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet?

Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.00000000 = 195.1.31.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? 30 => 32 =2⁵ => 5 bits Subnet mask: 1111111.11111111.11111111.11111000 Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet?

Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.00000000 = 195.1.31.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? 30 => 32 =2⁵ => 5 bits Subnet mask: 1111111.11111111.11111111.11111000 Number of bits for host IDs? 3 Number of host IDs per subnet?

 Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.0000001.00011111.0000000 = 195.1.31.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? 30 => 32 =2⁵ => 5 bits Subnet mask: 1111111.111111111111111111111000 Number of bits for host IDs? 3 Number of host IDs per subnet? 2³ - 2 = 6
 Split into 333 subnets: Network ID: 00001111.0000000.00000000.00000000 = 15.0.0.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? Subnet mask: Number of bits for host IDs? Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet?

 Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.0000001.00011111.0000000 = 195.1.31.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? 30 => 32 =2⁵ => 5 bits Subnet mask: 1111111.111111111111111111111000 Number of bits for host IDs? 3 Number of host IDs per subnet? 2³ - 2 = 6
 Split into 333 subnets: Network ID: 00001111.0000000.000000000000000000 = 15.0.0.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? 333 => 512 =2⁹ => 9 bits Subnet mask: Number of bits for host IDs? Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet?

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\underset{\bigcirc}{\text{Introduction}}
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 Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.0000000 = 195.1.31.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? 30 => 32 =2⁵ => 5 bits Subnet mask: 1111111.11111111.1111111111000 Number of bits for host IDs? 3 Number of host IDs per subnet? 2³ - 2 = 6
 Split into 333 subnets: Network ID: 00001111.00000000.00000000 = 15.0.0.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? 333 => 512 =2⁹ => 9 bits Subnet mask: 1111111.1111111.10000000.00000000 Number of bits for host IDs? Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet?

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\underset{\bigcirc}{\text{Introduction}}
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 Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.0000000 = 195.1.31.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? 30 => 32 =2⁵ => 5 bits Subnet mask: 1111111.1111111111111111111000 Number of bits for host IDs? 3 Number of host IDs per subnet? 2³ - 2 = 6
 Split into 333 subnets: Network ID: 00001111.0000000.00000000.00000000 = 15.0.0.0 Number of bits for subnet IDs? 333 => 512 =2⁹ => 9 bits Subnet mask: 1111111.1111111.10000000.000000000 Number of bits for host IDs? 15 Number of host IDs per subnet?

Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.00000000 = 195.1.31.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $30 \Rightarrow 32 \Rightarrow 5$ bits Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^3 - 2 = 6$ 2 Split into 333 subnets: Network ID: 00001111.0000000.0000000.00000000 = 15.0.0.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $333 \Rightarrow 512 = 2^9 \Rightarrow 9$ bits Subnet mask: 111111111111111111111110000000.0000000 Number of bits for host IDs? 15 Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^{15} - 2 = 32,766$ Split into 20 subnets: Network ID: 10111101.00010111.00000000.00000000 = 189.23.0.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? Subnet mask: Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet?

Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.00000000 = 195.1.31.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $30 \Rightarrow 32 \Rightarrow 5$ bits Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^3 - 2 = 6$ 2 Split into 333 subnets: Network ID: 00001111.0000000.0000000.00000000 = 15.0.0.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $333 \Rightarrow 512 = 2^9 \Rightarrow 9$ bits Subnet mask: 111111111111111111111110000000.0000000 Number of bits for host IDs? 15 Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^{15} - 2 = 32,766$ Split into 20 subnets: Network ID: 10111101.00010111.00000000.00000000 = 189.23.0.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $20 \Rightarrow 32 \Rightarrow 5$ bits Subnet mask: Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet?

Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.00000000 = 195.1.31.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $30 \Rightarrow 32 \Rightarrow 5$ bits Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^3 - 2 = 6$ 2 Split into 333 subnets: Network ID: 00001111.0000000.0000000.00000000 = 15.0.0.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $333 \Rightarrow 512 = 2^9 \Rightarrow 9$ bits Subnet mask: 11111111.1111111.10000000.00000000 Number of bits for host IDs? 15 Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^{15} - 2 = 32,766$ Split into 20 subnets: Network ID: 10111101.00010111.00000000.00000000 = 189.23.0.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? 20 => $32 = 2^5 = 5$ bits Subnet mask: 11111111.1111111.11111000.00000000 Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet?

Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.00000000 = 195.1.31.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $30 \Rightarrow 32 \Rightarrow 5$ bits Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^3 - 2 = 6$ 2 Split into 333 subnets: Network ID: 00001111.0000000.0000000.00000000 = 15.0.0.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $333 \Rightarrow 512 = 2^9 \Rightarrow 9$ bits Subnet mask: 11111111.1111111.10000000.00000000 Number of bits for host IDs? 15 Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^{15} - 2 = 32,766$ Split into 20 subnets: Network ID: 10111101.00010111.00000000.00000000 = 189.23.0.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $20 \Rightarrow 32 = 2^5 \Rightarrow 5$ bits Subnet mask: 11111111.1111111.11111000.00000000 Number of bits for host IDs? 11 Number of host IDs per subnet?

Split into 30 subnets: Network ID: 11000011.00000001.00011111.00000000 = 195.1.31.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $30 \Rightarrow 32 \Rightarrow 5$ bits Number of bits for host IDs? Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^3 - 2 = 6$ 2 Split into 333 subnets: Network ID: 00001111.0000000.0000000.00000000 = 15.0.0.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? $333 \Rightarrow 512 = 2^9 \Rightarrow 9$ bits Subnet mask: 11111111.1111111.10000000.00000000 Number of bits for host IDs? 15 Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^{15} - 2 = 32,766$ Split into 20 subnets: Network ID: 10111101.000101111.00000000.00000000 = 189.23.0.0Number of bits for subnet IDs? 20 => $32 = 2^5 = 5$ bits Subnet mask: 11111111.1111111.11111000.00000000 Number of bits for host IDs? 11 Number of host IDs per subnet? $2^{11} - 2 = 2,046$

4 Each subnet should have 17 hosts: Network ID: 11000011.00000011.10000000.00000000 = 195.3.128.0 Number of bits for host IDs? Number of bits for subnet IDs? Number of possible subnets? Subnet mask:

Each subnet should have 17 hosts: Network ID: 11000011.00000011.10000000.00000000 = 195.3.128.0 Number of bits for host IDs? 17 + 2 => 32 = 2⁵ => 5 bits Number of bits for subnet IDs? Number of possible subnets? Subnet mask:

Each subnet should have 17 hosts: Network ID: 11000011.00000011.10000000.00000000 = 195.3.128.0 Number of bits for host IDs? 17 + 2 => 32 = 2⁵ => 5 bits Number of bits for subnet IDs? 3 Number of possible subnets? Subnet mask:

Each subnet should have 17 hosts: Network ID: 11000011.0000001.10000000.00000000 = 195.3.128.0 Number of bits for host IDs? $17 + 2 \Rightarrow 32 = 2^5 \Rightarrow 5$ bits Number of bits for subnet IDs? 3 Number of possible subnets? $2^3 = 8$ Subnet mask:

Number of bits for subnet IDs? Number of possible subnets?

Subnet mask:

- Network ID: 10000001.00001111.00000000.0000000 = 129.15.0.0 Number of bits for host IDs? $10 + 2 \Rightarrow 16 = 2^4 \Rightarrow 4$ bits Number of bits for subnet IDs? Number of possible subnets? Subnet mask:

- Each subnet should have 10 hosts: Network ID: 10000001.00001111.000000000.00000000 = 129.15.0.0 Number of bits for host IDs? $10 + 2 \Rightarrow 16 = 2^4 \Rightarrow 4$ bits Number of bits for subnet IDs? 12 Number of possible subnets? Subnet mask:

- Network ID: 1000001.00001111.00000000.00000000 = 129.15.0.0 Number of bits for host IDs? $10 + 2=> 16 = 2^4 => 4$ bits Number of bits for subnet IDs? 12 Number of possible subnets? $2^{12} = 4096$ Subnet mask:

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Number of bits for subnet IDs? 12 Number of possible subnets? $2^{12} = 4096$

Calculate the checksum for each IP header:

- 4500 0034 4C22 4000 F706 ???? C163 9055 0A00 008B
- 4500 0034 671E 4000 4006 ???? 0A00 008b C163 9055
- 4500 00F2 0000 4000 4011 ???? 0A00 008b 0A00 00FF

Verify the checksum of each IP header:

- **4500 0034 02FD 4000 3606 276C 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B**
- 4500 00E7 02FC 4000 3606 37BC 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B

Calculate the checksum for each IP header:

- 4500 0034 4C22 4000 F706 DB5D C163 9055 0A00 008B
- 4500 0034 671E 4000 4006 ???? 0A00 008b C163 9055
- 4500 00F2 0000 4000 4011 ???? 0A00 008b 0A00 00FF

Verify the checksum of each IP header:

- **4500 0034 02FD 4000 3606 276C 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B**
- 4500 00E7 02FC 4000 3606 37BC 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B

Calculate the checksum for each IP header:

- 4500 0034 4C22 4000 F706 DB5D C163 9055 0A00 008B
- 4500 0034 671E 4000 4006 7762 0A00 008b C163 9055
- 4500 00F2 0000 4000 4011 ???? 0A00 008b 0A00 00FF

Verify the checksum of each IP header:

- **4500 0034 02FD 4000 3606 276C 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B**
- 4500 00E7 02FC 4000 3606 37BC 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B

Calculate the checksum for each IP header:

- 4500 0034 4C22 4000 F706 DB5D C163 9055 0A00 008B
- 4500 0034 671E 4000 4006 7762 0A00 008b C163 9055
- 4500 00F2 0000 4000 4011 2472 0A00 008b 0A00 00FF

Verify the checksum of each IP header:

- **4500 0034 02FD 4000 3606 276C 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B**
- 4500 00E7 02FC 4000 3606 37BC 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B

Calculate the checksum for each IP header:

- 4500 0034 4C22 4000 F706 DB5D C163 9055 0A00 008B
- 4500 0034 671E 4000 4006 7762 0A00 008b C163 9055
- 4500 00F2 0000 4000 4011 2472 0A00 008b 0A00 00FF

Verify the checksum of each IP header:

4500 0034 02FD 4000 3606 276C 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B

 \rightarrow Correct

4500 00E7 02FC 4000 3606 37BC 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B

Calculate the checksum for each IP header:

- 4500 0034 4C22 4000 F706 DB5D C163 9055 0A00 008B
- 4500 0034 671E 4000 4006 7762 0A00 008b C163 9055
- 4500 00F2 0000 4000 4011 2472 0A00 008b 0A00 00FF

Verify the checksum of each IP header:

- **4500 0034 02FD 4000 3606 276C 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B**
- \rightarrow Correct
 - 4500 00E7 02FC 4000 3606 37BC 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B
- \rightarrow Wrong! Correct is: 26BA
 - 4500 0034 A9D5 4000 4006 814E 0A00 008B adC2 4613

Calculate the checksum for each IP header:

- 4500 0034 4C22 4000 F706 DB5D C163 9055 0A00 008B
- 4500 0034 671E 4000 4006 7762 0A00 008b C163 9055
- 4500 00F2 0000 4000 4011 2472 0A00 008b 0A00 00FF

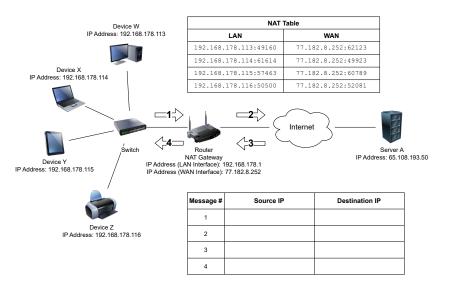
Verify the checksum of each IP header:

4500 0034 02FD 4000 3606 276C 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B

 \rightarrow Correct

- 4500 00E7 02FC 4000 3606 37BC 6CA0 A330 0A00 008B
- \rightarrow Wrong! Correct is: 26BA
 - 4500 0034 A9D5 4000 4006 814E 0A00 008B adC2 4613
- \rightarrow Wrong! Correct is: 928E

Exercise 5: Network Address Translation



- 1 Name the three private IPv4 address spaces.
- 2 What is the prefix for a link-local address in IPv4 and IPv6 networks?
- 3 Which of the following IPv4 addresses are multicast addresses?
- 4 How can an IPv6 anycast address be distinguished from a unicast or a multicast address?
- 5 Which IPv6 address can you use in order to *ping* all stations in a local network?
- What type of address is given with fd04:2342:0815:1:6770:37ca:7a5c:f408/64? What is its purpose?
- What type of address is given with ff02::1:ff5c:f408? What is its purpose?

- 1 Name the three private IPv4 address spaces.
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- 2 What is the prefix for a link-local address in IPv4 and IPv6 networks?
- \rightarrow 169.254.0.0/16 and fe80::/10
- 3 Which of the following IPv4 addresses are multicast addresses?
- 4 How can an IPv6 anycast address be distinguished from a unicast or a multicast address?
- 5 Which IPv6 address can you use in order to *ping* all stations in a local network?
- What type of address is given with fd04:2342:0815:1:6770:37ca:7a5c:f408/64? What is its purpose?
- **7** What type of address is given with ff02::1:ff5c:f408? What is its purpose?

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 - 224.1.2.3
 - 234.23.23.23
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- 4 How can an IPv6 anycast address be distinguished from a unicast or a multicast address?
- $\rightarrow\,$ As soon as a unicast address is assigned to more than one interface it becomes an anycast address.
- 5 Which IPv6 address can you use in order to *ping* all stations in a local network?
- What type of address is given with fd04:2342:0815:1:6770:37ca:7a5c:f408/64? What is its purpose?
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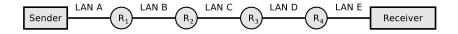
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- $\rightarrow\,$ This is a unique local address (ULA) which serves a similar purpose as private address in IPv4.
- What type of address is given with ff02::1:ff5c:f408? What is its purpose?

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- \rightarrow Using the *all nodes* multicast addresses: (ff02::1 and ff05::1).
- 6 What type of address is given with fd04:2342:0815:1:6770:37ca:7a5c:f408/64? What is its purpose?
- $\rightarrow\,$ This is a unique local address (ULA) which serves a similar purpose as private address in IPv4.
- What type of address is given with ff02::1:ff5c:f408? What is its purpose?
- $\rightarrow~$ This is a solicited node multicast address which is used for NDP.

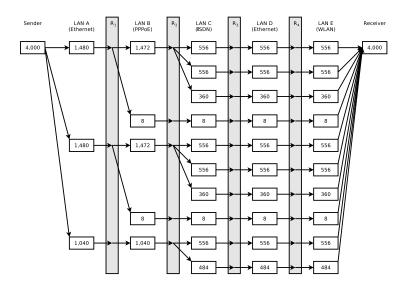
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Exercise 7: Fragmenting IP Packets



	LAN A	LAN B	LAN C	LAN D	LAN E
Network technology	Ethernet	PPPoE	ISDN	Ethernet	WLAN
MTU [bytes]	1,500	1,492	576	1,400	2,312
IP-Header [bytes]	20	20	20	20	20
maximum payload [bytes]	1,480	1,472	556	1,380	2,292

Exercise 7: Fragmenting IP Packets



- 1080:0000:0000:0000:0007:0700:0003:316b
- 2001:0db8:0000:0000:f065:00ff:0000:03ec
- 2001:0db8:3c4d:0016:0000:0000:2a3f:2a4d
- 2001:0c60:f0a1:0000:0000:0000:0000:0001
- 2111:00ab:0000:0004:0000:0000:1234

- 1080:0000:0000:0000:0007:0700:0003:316b
 Solution: 1080::7:700:3:316b
- 2001:0db8:0000:0000:f065:00ff:0000:03ec
- 2001:0db8:3c4d:0016:0000:0000:2a3f:2a4d
- 2001:0c60:f0a1:0000:0000:0000:0000
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- 2001:0db8:0000:0000:f065:00ff:0000:03ec Solution: 2001:db8::f065:ff:0:3ec
- 2001:0db8:3c4d:0016:0000:0000:2a3f:2a4d
- 2001:0c60:f0a1:0000:0000:0000:0000:0001
- 2111:00ab:0000:0004:0000:0000:1234

- 1080:0000:0000:0000:0007:0700:0003:316b
 Solution: 1080::7:700:3:316b
- 2001:0db8:0000:0000:f065:00ff:0000:03ec Solution: 2001:db8::f065:ff:0:3ec
- 2001:0db8:3c4d:0016:0000:0000:2a3f:2a4d
 Solution: 2001:db8:3c4d:16::2a3f:2a4d
- 2001:0c60:f0a1:0000:0000:0000:0000:0001
- 2111:00ab:0000:0004:0000:0000:1234

- 1080:0000:0000:0000:0007:0700:0003:316b
 Solution: 1080::7:700:3:316b
- 2001:0db8:0000:0000:f065:00ff:0000:03ec Solution: 2001:db8::f065:ff:0:3ec
- 2001:0db8:3c4d:0016:0000:0000:2a3f:2a4d
 Solution: 2001:db8:3c4d:16::2a3f:2a4d
- 2001:0c60:f0a1:0000:0000:0000:0000 Solution: 2001:c60:f0a1::1
- 2111:00ab:0000:0004:0000:0000:1234

- 1080:0000:0000:0000:0007:0700:0003:316b
 Solution: 1080::7:700:3:316b
- 2001:0db8:0000:0000:f065:00ff:0000:03ec Solution: 2001:db8::f065:ff:0:3ec
- 2001:0db8:3c4d:0016:0000:0000:2a3f:2a4d
 Solution: 2001:db8:3c4d:16::2a3f:2a4d
- 2001:0c60:f0a1:0000:0000:0000:0000 Solution: 2001:c60:f0a1::1
- 2111:00ab:0000:0004:0000:0000:1234
 Solution: 2111:ab:0:4::1234

Provide all positions of these simplified IPv6 addresses:

- 2001::2:0:0:1
- 2001:db8:0:c::1c
- 1080::9956:0:0:234
- 2001:638:208:ef34::91ff:0:5424
- 2001:0:85a4::4a1e:370:7112

Provide all positions of these simplified IPv6 addresses:

2001::2:0:0:1

- 2001:db8:0:c::1c
- 1080::9956:0:0:234
- 2001:638:208:ef34::91ff:0:5424
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Provide all positions of these simplified IPv6 addresses:

2001::2:0:0:1

2001:db8:0:c::1c

Solution: 2001:0db8:0000:000c:0000:0000:001c

- 1080::9956:0:0:234
- 2001:638:208:ef34::91ff:0:5424
- 2001:0:85a4::4a1e:370:7112

Provide all positions of these simplified IPv6 addresses:

2001::2:0:0:1

2001:db8:0:c::1c

Solution: 2001:0db8:0000:000c:0000:0000:0000:001c

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Solution: 1080:0000:0000:0000:9956:0000:0234

2001:638:208:ef34::91ff:0:5424

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Provide all positions of these simplified IPv6 addresses:

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Solution: 2001:0db8:0000:000c:0000:0000:001c

1080::9956:0:0:234

Solution: 1080:0000:0000:0000:9956:0000:0000:0234

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Solution: 2001:0638:0208:ef34:0000:91ff:0000:5424

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Provide all positions of these simplified IPv6 addresses:

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Solution: 2001:0db8:0000:000c:0000:0000:0000:001c

1080::9956:0:0:234

Solution: 1080:0000:0000:0000:9956:0000:0000:0234

2001:638:208:ef34::91ff:0:5424

Solution: 2001:0638:0208:ef34:0000:91ff:0000:5424

2001:0:85a4::4a1e:370:7112

Solution: 2001:0000:85a4:0000:0000:4a1e:0370:7112

The transition from IPv4 to IPv6 may indicate that one IP version number has been skipped. What happened to IPv5?

The transition from IPv4 to IPv6 may indicate that one IP version number has been skipped. What happened to IPv5?

The protocol to be transported on the network layer using an IP header with the version set to 5 is the *Internet Stream Protocol*. It defines a family of experimental protocols which were never introduced for public use. It is specified in RFCs 1190 and 1819 and some concepts were adopted for ATM or MPLS.

2 Explain the meaning of the fields Flags, MSS, Window, and irtt in the forwarding table as shown in task 2.

Explain the meaning of the fields Flags, MSS, Window, and irtt in the forwarding table as shown in task 2.

Flags :

- U route is up
- H target is a host
- G use gateway
- R reinstate route for dynamic routing
- dynamically installed by daemon or redirect
- M modified from routing daemon or redirect
- A installed by addrconf
- C cache entry
- ! reject route

- MSS Default maximum segment size for TCP connections over this route.
- Window Default window size for TCP connections over this route.
 - irtt Initial RTT (Round Trip Time). The kernel uses this to guess about the best TCP protocol parameters without waiting on (possibly slow) answers.

In IPv6 different scopes are defined. Figure out which of the originally defined scopes has been declared as deprecated (and why).

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Documentation purposes, e.g., example IP addresses or ranges.